

PHOTOCYCLIZATION OF A HELIANGOLIDE - A CYCLODECADIENONE

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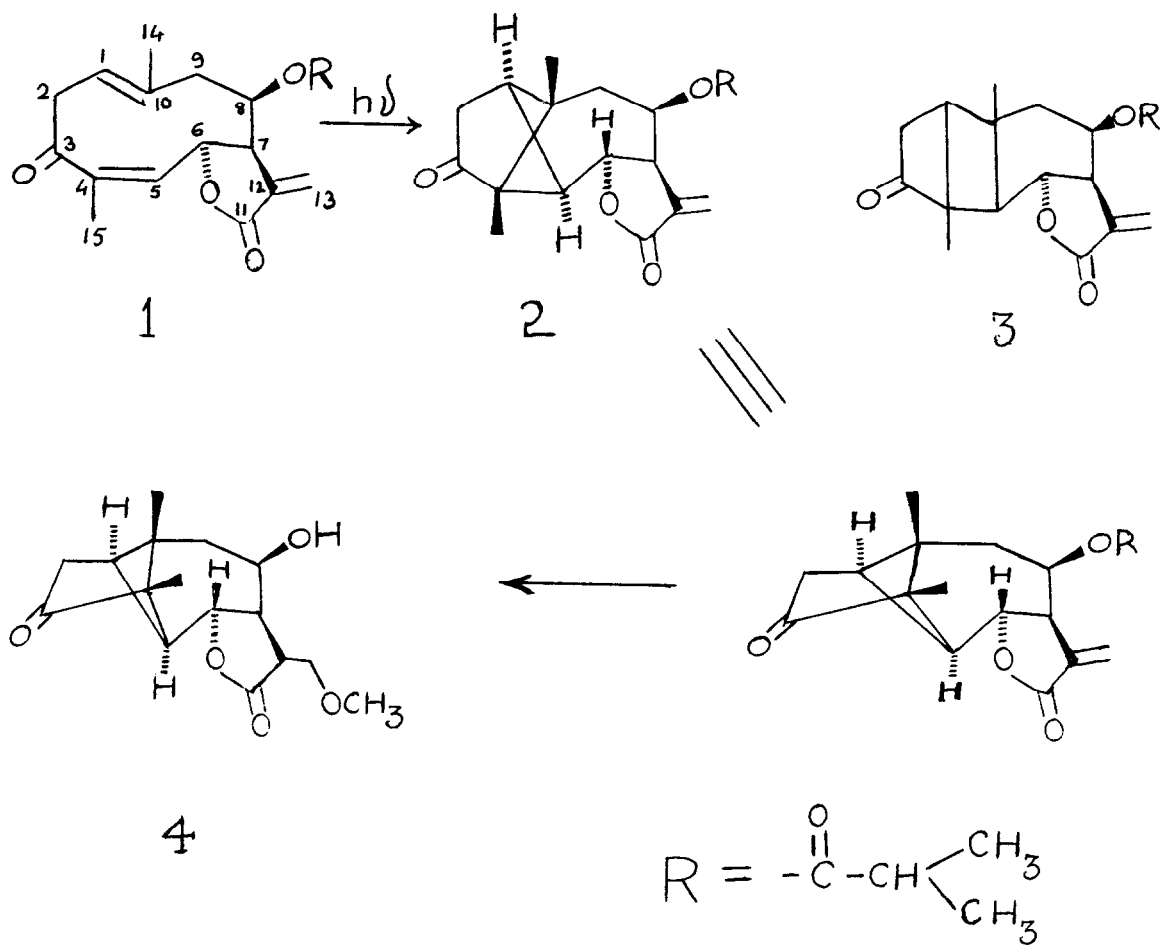
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Abstract : Irradiation of the dienone 1 furnishes essentially a single tricyclic product 2 containing cyclobutane ring. The corresponding epoxide 5 furnishes tagitinin F 6 - an antileukemic compound.

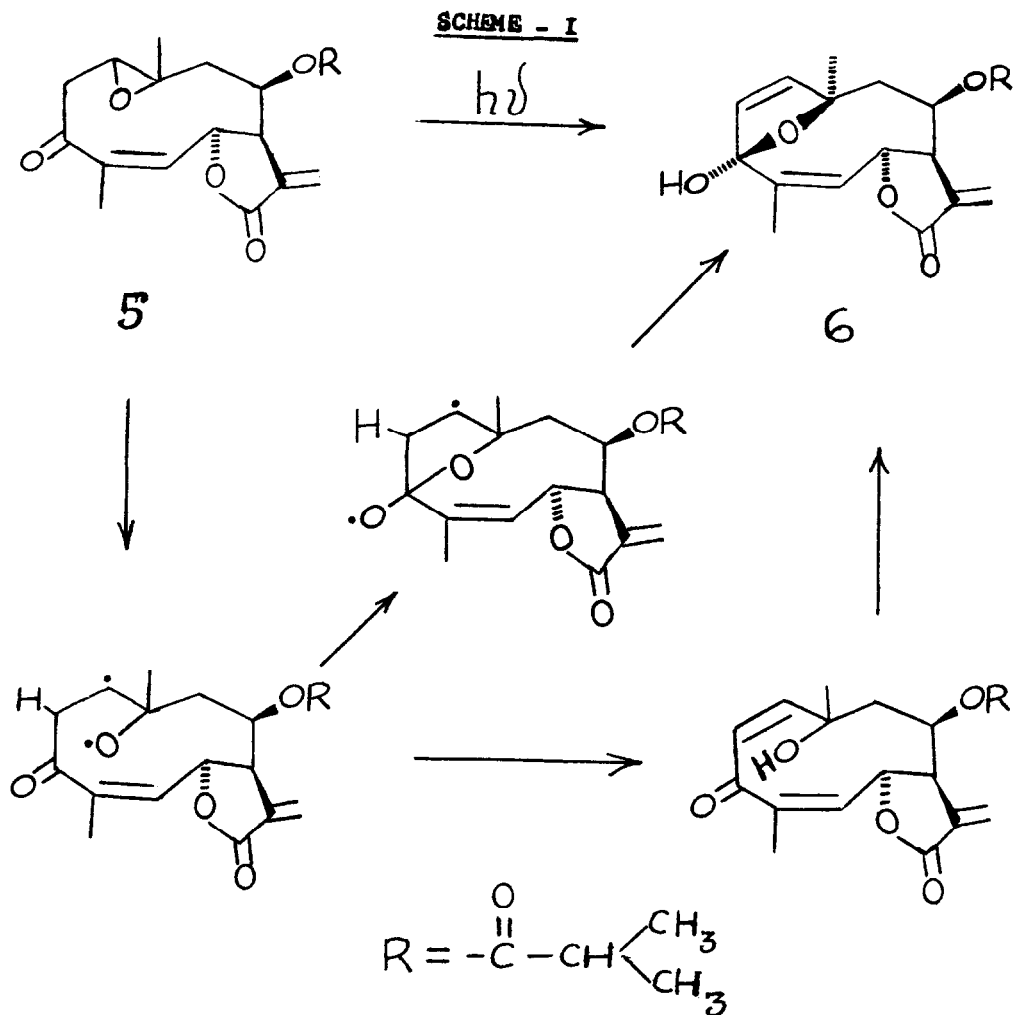
Photocyclization of cyclodecenone system incorporating the isolated double bond at the γ, δ position in the cyclodecane ring have been reported to yield the major products as the tricyclic compounds containing cyclobutane ring^{1,2}. However, irradiation of 0.4% absolute ethanol solution of the heliangolide 1³ with a bare arc mercury lamp through quartz led exclusively to the formation of compound 2 mp. 140°C, which was identified as follows⁴. ¹H NMR spectrum (CDCl₃) of the photolysis product exhibited a singlet at δ 1.25 ppm integrating to six protons and thus suggesting the formation of compound 2 or 3. In the IR spectrum (CHCl₃) the intensity of the absorption band at 1740cm⁻¹ was almost double than that at 1770cm⁻¹ favouring structure 2 over 3. Methanolysis with NaOCH₃/CH₃OH furnished 4 in whose IR spectrum absorption bands at 1775 and 1740cm⁻¹ clearly established the identity of the photolysis product as 2. The proton under the lactone oxygen in 2 appeared as a doublet at δ 4.85 ppm with J=9.5 Hz and therefore, hydrogen at C-5 was assigned α configuration in conjunction with the molecular models. Recording the NMR spectrum of 2 in C₆D₆ shifted the methyl at C-4 to the lower field (δ 1.57 ppm) thus indicating it to be equatorial and therefore β ⁵. Examination

of the molecular models of 2 dictates that if C-5 hydrogen is α and C-4 methyl is β then C-10 methyl and C-1 hydrogen ought to be β and α respectively, however, this decision may be treated as tentative.

The pronounced selectivity observed in the formation of 2 reveals that the mode of photocyclization of cyclodecadienone depends upon the geometry of the conjugated double bond and the position of the isolated double bond^{1,2,6}. The above studies will have implications on the synthesis of naturally occurring tricyclic sesquiterpene and sesquiterpene lactones^{7,8} containing cyclobutane ring.



we also examined the photolysis of 0.4% absolute ethanol solution of the epoxide 5³ with a bare arc mercury lamp through quartz flask, which led almost quantitatively in 6 hr to the formation of tagitinin F 6 - a highly potent antileukemic sesquiterpene lactone^{9,10}, 1,3 or 1,4 Hydrogen shift is suggested to be involved in the formation of tagitinin F 6 as shown in Scheme I. The possibility that tagitinin F 6 is biosynthesized in the plant through pigment sensitised photocyclization of the epoxide 5 is quite high since the corresponding C-4 alcohol of 5 known as tagitinin E is a congener of tagitinin F⁹.



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Gemacradienolides containing 4,5-cis and 10,1-trans double bonds are known as heliangolides.

4. The reaction was monitored on TLC. After 8 hr 50% of 2 was obtained besides recovering 40% of the starting material. Prolonged irradiation led to extensive decomposition. Compound 2 gave satisfactory analytical data.

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6. Photolysis of Gemacrene D i gives mainly (-)- β -bourbonene ii, α -bourbonene and β -copaene are the minor products.

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10. The photolysis was carried out at 20°C as higher temperature furnished small amounts of other products which were not identified. The identity of tagitinin F 6 was established by direct comparison with an authentic sample.

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